A Proposal for Improving Business Services Price Indexes



- Seek the advice and opinions from a range of sources, including,
 - advisory committees,
 - price index specialists in other statistical offices,
 - other federal departments,
 - STC personnel, etc...,

- Identify the service categories development.
- Provide and discuss the costs of developing and producing a PPI for services.

- Highlight the activity to date of the PPI services program at STC.
- Provide an overview of the American experience as a frame of reference for development in Canada.

 Serve as the basis for a proposal to various stakeholder departments of the federal government to obtain funding and support.

Background of Paper

Compilation of six research efforts;

- 1. Framework and national accounts perspective.
- 2. History of efforts to improve services price measures at STC.
- 3. Experience and plans in the United States
- 4. Voorburg Group papers and other international experience.
- 5. Motivation and benefits to be realized.
- 6. Costs for price index development.

Which services? \rightarrow Table 2

- Business services
 - ⇒ Distributive Trades
 - ⇒ Transportation and warehousing
 - ⇒ Finance, insurance, leasing,...+ Business management
 - ⇒ Scientific, technical and professional services
 - ⇒ Information, communication and cultural services
 - ⇒ Other

Column 1- Service Sector Weight, 2000

 the share of total services value-added in 2000, as recorded in the national inputoutput tables.

Table 2 explanation

Column 2- Quality Score

- 1 = high quality
- 2 = medium quality
- -3 = low quality
- a subjective evaluation by national accounts analysts of the method currently used for deflating these services as part of GDP by industry.

Table 2 explanation

Column 3 - Complexity Score

- 1 = straightforward
- 2 = medium complexity
- 3 = high complexity
- evaluation of the challenge to develop and produce index

Column 4 – Priority Rating

 a rank-order priority, based on the factors summarized in the preceding columns.

Table 2 explanation

Column 5 – Options for Pricing Methodology

- transaction price
- mark-up price
- model price
- sources (1) STC experience (2) OECD-Eurostat 2003 Inquiry on National Collection of Services Producer Prices

Table 2 explanation

Columns 6, 7 and 8

- -<u>Available</u> \rightarrow currently in production
- <u>In progress</u> \rightarrow development is under way
- <u>To do</u> \rightarrow no development yet

Variables Influencing Cost

- Complexity of service
 - Can we define the main service?
 - Can we re-price it over time?
- Constant-Quality Index
 - How do measure and treat quality change?
- Industry dynamics (sampling)
 - How easy is it to find and survey respondents in a representative way?

Example of a Straightforward Service

- Couriers
 - Service definition \rightarrow Pkg. X from A to B
 - Terms of service held constant
 - 5 major players = 80% of industry activity (cut-off sample)

Example of a Complex Service

- Consulting Engineers
 - Service is complex, various specializations
 - Contracts are not repeated
 - Heterogeneous frame that needs updating regularly (two-phase probability sample)

Estimate of Resource Needs

Degree of complexity	One-time development and implementation cost (PYs)	Ongoing annual update and maintenance cost (PYs)	
Straightforward	0.9	0.9	
Semi-complex	1.4	1.2	
Complex	1.9	1.8	

How Many Indexes?



IPPI and SPPI Comparison

IPPI	SPPI		
370 SNA commodities	83 SNA commodities		
Sample = 3,000 out of 37,000 (8.1%)	Sample = 37,749 out of 1,090,300 (3.6%)		
Goods \rightarrow easy to price	Services → difficult to price		
One survey, one methodology	Many surveys, many methodologies		

Current Situation



Current Coverage



Proposed Coverage

- Wholesaling margins
- Retailing margins
- Truck transportation
- Courier services
- Non-residential rent
- Rental, other machinery and equipment including construction

Proposed Coverage

- Non-life insurance
- Commissions, investment banking and securities dealing, and brokers

Current and Proposed Coverage

Group	Available	Proposed	To Do
Distributive trades	0.00%	25.10%	1.92%
Transportation and warehousing	0.88%	4.15%	7.06%
Finance, insurance, leasing, real estate, and business mgmt.	5.24%	10.28%	17.04%
Scientific, technical and professional services	6.41%	0.00%	13.21%
Information, communication and cultural services	0.56%	0.00%	6.50%
Other	0.00%	0.00%	1.65%
Total	13.09%	39.53%	47.38%



Considering Options \rightarrow Trade-offs

- Theory → considerations
 - Accuracy
 - Constant-quality
 - Representative sample
- Practice \rightarrow considerations
 - Response burden
 - Resources

Considering Options \rightarrow Trade-offs



Difficult

Questions for Discussion

Question 1. What are the most difficult challenges to developing a large scale SPPI?

Questions for Discussion



Questions for Discussion

Question 3.

Is there any general advice for pursuing this project that would help ensure its success?